W-9 Form

(This is a sample of the W-9 tax form that will be sent to the Grantee along with the Grant Agreement.)

Form W-9 (Rev. January 1993) Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service		_	or Taxpayer ber and Certification	Give this form to the requester. Do NOT send to IRS.	
Name (if joint names, list fi changed.)	rst and circle t	the name of the person or entity whose	e number you enter in Part I below. See instructions of	on page 2 if your name has	
Business name (Sole propri below.)	etors see instru	uction on page 2.) (If you are exempt	from backup withholding, complete this form and ente	er AExempt≅ in Part II	
Address (number and street)			List account number(s) here (optional)		
City, state, and ZIP code					
Part I Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)		Part II			
Enter your TIN in the app box. For individuals, this social security number (SS sole proprietors, se instructions on Page 2. F entities, it is your e identification number (EIN	nis is your SSN). For	Social Security Number	For Payees Exempt from Backup Withholdin and Payments on page 2).	aholding (See Exempt Payees	
	For other employer	OD	Requester=s name and address (optional)		
identification number (E		OR			
identification number (E do not have a number, so Obtain a TIN below. Note: If the account is in one name, see the chart for guidelines on whose enter.	IN). If you ee How to more than on page 2	Employer Identification Number —— -			

- 1. The number shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for a number to be issued to me), and 2. I am not subject to backup withholding because: a. I am exempt from backup withholding, or b. I have not been notified by the
- I am not subject to backup withholding because: a. I am exempt from backup withholding, or b. I have not been notified by the Internal Revenue Service that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest on dividends, or c. the IRS has notified me that I am no longer subject to backup withholding.

Certification Instructions - You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that you are currently subject to backup withholding because of under reporting interest or dividends on you tax return. For real estate transactions, item 2 does not apply. For mortgage interest paid, the acquisition or abandonment of secured property, contributions to an individual retirement arrangement (IRA) and generally payments other than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the Certification, but you must provide your correct TIN. (Also see Signing Certification on page 2.)

Sign Here	Signature:	Date:

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Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code.

Purpose of Form - A person who is required to file an information return with the IRS must obtain your correct TIN to report income paid to you, real estate transactions, mortgage interest you paid, the acquisition or abandonment of secured property or contributions you made to an IRA. Use Form W-9 to furnish your correct TIN to the requester (the person asking you to furnish your TIN), and, when applicable, (1) to certify that the TIN you are furnishing is correct (or that you are waiting for a number to be issued.) (2) to certify that you are not subject to backup withholding, and (3) to claim exemption form backup withholding if you are an exempt payee. Furnishing your correct TIN and making the appropriate certifications will prevent certain payments from being subject to backup withholding.

Note: If a requester gives you a form other than a W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester=s form.

How To Obtain a TIN - If you do not have a TIN, apply for one immediately. To apply, get For SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card (for individuals), from your local office of the Social Security Administration, or Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number (for businesses and all other entities), from your local IRS office.

To complete Form W-9 if you do not have a TIN, write AApplied for≅ in the space for the TIN in Part I, sign and date the form, and give it to the requester. Generally, you will then have 60 days to obtain a TIN and furnish it to the requester. If the requester does not receive your TIN within 60 days, backup withholding, if applicable, will begin and continue until you furnish your TIN to the requester. For reportable interest or dividend payments, the payer must exercise one of the following options concerning backup withholding during this 60-day period. Under option (1), a payer must backup withhold on any withdrawals you make from your account after 7 business days after the requester receives this form back from you. Under option (2), the payer must backup withhold on any reportable interest or dividend payments made to your account, regardless of whether you make any withdrawals. The backup withholding under option (2) must begin no later than 7 business days after the requester receives this form back. Under option (2), the payer is required to refund the amounts withheld if your certified TIN is received within the 60-day period and you were not subject to backup withholding during that period.

Note: Writing AApplied for≅ on the form means that you have already applied for a TIN OR that you intend to apply for one in the near future.

As soon as you receive you TIN, complete another Form W-9, include you TIN, sign and date the form, and give it to the requester.

What is Backup Withholding - Persons making certain payments to you after 1992 are required to withhold and pay to the IRS 31% of such payments under certain conditions. This is called Abackup withholding≅ Payments that could be subject to backup withholding include interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, nonemployee compensation and certain payments from fishing boat operators, but do not include real estate transactions

If you give the requester you correct TIN, make the appropriate certifications and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return, your payments will not be subject to backup withholding. Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:

- 1. You do not furnish your TIN to the requester, or
- 2. The IRS notifies the requester that you furnished and incorrect TIN, or
- 3. You are notified by the IRS that you are subject to backup withholding because you failed to report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for

reportable interest and dividends only), or

- 4. You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding under 3 above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only), or
- 5. You do not certify your TIN. This applies only to reportable interest, dividend, broker, or barter exchange accounts opened after 1983, or broker accounts considered inactive in 1983.

Except as explained in 5 above, other reportable payments are subject to backup withholding only if 1 or 2 above applies. Certain payees and payments are exempt form backup withholding and information reporting. See Payees and Payments Exempt Form.